USAID



CSHGP in the Global Fight Against Tuberculosis

Office of Health, Infectious Disease and Nutrition,
Bureau for Global Health



Tuberculosis A Global Emergency

- 1/3 of the world's population is infected with TB
- TB kills 2-3 million people each year of, 98% of whom live in the developing world
- 750,000 women die each year of TB
- Hundreds of thousands of children will become TB orphans this year
- 1 out of every 3 HIV/AIDS patients has TB



USAID's TB Strategy

GOAL

Contribute significantly to the global reduction of morbidity and mortality associated with TB

Objective

Enhance the capacity of developing and transitional countries to achieve global targets of 70% case detection and 85% treatment success rates by preventing and curing active TB



USAID'S Approach

- Expand and strengthen DOTS programs
- Increase and strengthen human resource capacity
- Develop and disseminate new tools and approaches
- Adapt DOTS to address special challenges



Partnering With PVOs

- Expanding global partners
- Traditional activities
- Extend the NTP
- Community centered approach
- Awareness raising



TB & the CSHG Program

- Full and partial TB applications accepted
- No expemption for 100% TB proposals
- Not less than 4 years in length
- Consistent with the DOTS strategy
- PVOs will need to demonstrate a clearly defined role within the context of a NTP
- Demonstration of past performance / collaboration
- Monitoring & evaluation



TB Country Programs USAID - 2002/2003

Asia/Near East

Afghanistan Bangladesh Cambodia

Egypt **India**

Indonesia

Pakistan Philippin

Philippines

<u>Latin</u> <u>America/</u> Caribbean

Brazil

Dominican

Republic

El Salvador

Haiti

Honduras

Mexico

Peru

Africa

DR Congo

Ethiopia

Kenya

Malawi

Nigeria

Senegal

South Africa Uganda

Europe & Eurasia

Republics

Estonia

Georgia

Kosovo

Moldova

Latvia

Lithuania

Romania

Russia

SE Europe Regional

Ukraine

